

Volcano Sensor Web 2.0

# Volcano Monitoring Using Commercial Satellites and Open Data

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This document has been reviewed and determined not to contain export controlled technical data.

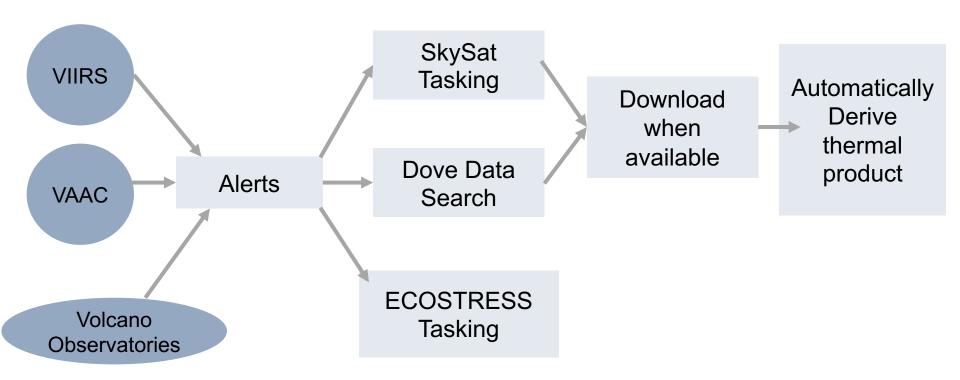
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acknowledged.

# **Sensorweb Background**

- Aggregate data from satellite and in-situ sensors to detect and track phenomena
- Task observations for detected events
- The Volcano Sensorweb (VSW 1.0) operated from 2004 to 2017, led to 9050 observations from EO-1 (~700 observations/year)
- VSW 2.0 extends to commercial constellations
- VSW 2.0 expands the alert generation
- Created thermal classifiers for Planet data

# **VSW 2.0: Overview Diagram**



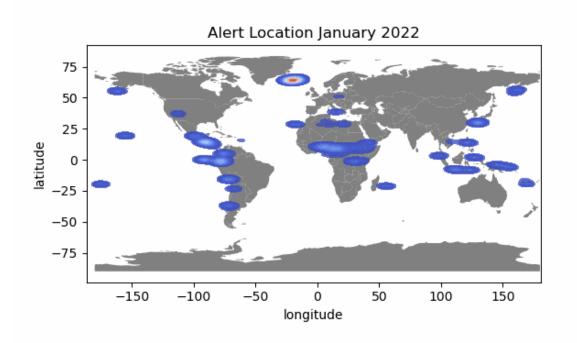
## **Number of Alerts by Source**

Jan 5, 2022 – May 15, 2023

Source	Count	Source	Count
VIIRS Active Fire	253,555	USGS Earthquake	3602
Volcanological Survey of Indonesia (PVMBG)*	215,344	National Geology and Mining Service, Chile	3183
Iceland Met Office	100,642	(SERNAGEOMIN)	
Instituto Geofísico, Ecuador (IGEPN)	50,229	VAAC Tokyo	1654
		MODVOLC	891
VAAC Washington	16,667	VAAC Montreal	252
VAAC Buenos Aires	11,123	Total	657,142

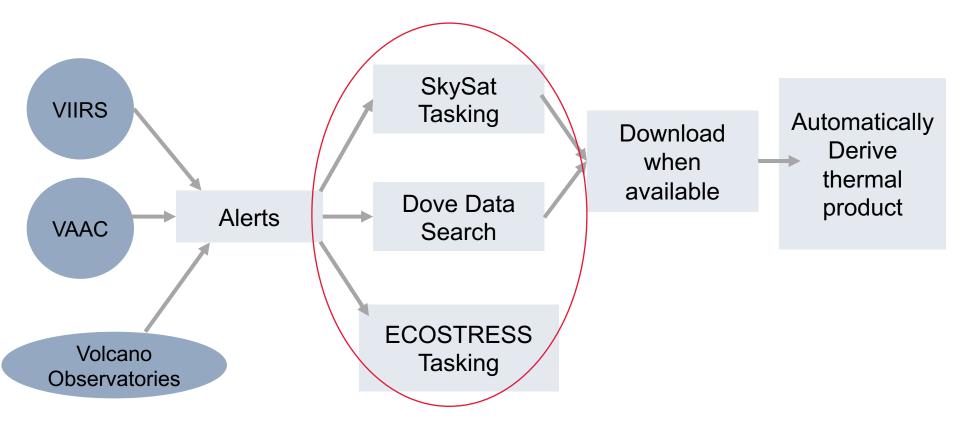
<sup>\* -</sup> PVMBG creates many alerts because they classify many volcanoes in a low-level alert category, and we create a new alert every time we pull data from a source. This makes sources that report a color status give a higher alert count compared to most event-based sources

# **Medium+High Priority Alert Location over time**



6/26/23 5 jpl.nasa.gov

## VSW 2.0: Tasking stage



## Planet constellation info

## SkySat

- 21 targetable satellites
- 4 band instrument (0.45-0.9 microns)
- 0.5m/pixel resolution
- SkySat data available to VSW 2.0 as part of a JPL-Planet collaboration

## SuperDove

- 200+ satellites. Covers the earth's surface daily
- 8 band instrument (0.43-0.9 microns)
- 3m/pixel resolution
- Data is free to NASA projects after 30 days through CSDA



# **Tasking**

- SkySat:
  - Task the highest priority observation approximately once per week
  - 92 requests between Jan 2022 and June 2023
  - 82 of these requests resulted in at least one captured scene

#### ECOSTRESS

- Add alerts as low-priority requests when scheduling
- Scheduled 6665 volcanic scenes from Jan-Oct 2022
- Due to the nature of ECOSTRESS operations, it is unclear how many captures and downlinks occurred

#### Dove:

- Search for coincidental observations after 30 days
- VSW has found >600,000 coincidental Dove scenes

## SkySat – Fagradalsfjall – 15 August 2022



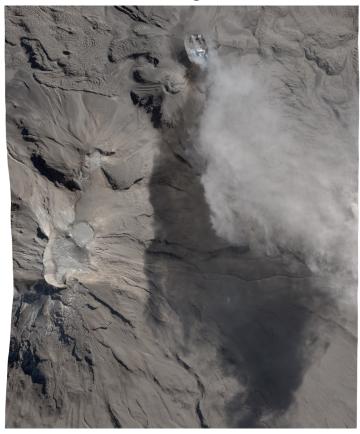


Alert created for Reykjanes on 4<sup>th</sup> August 2022 from IMO.

SkySat Tasking request to Planet on August 4<sup>th</sup>.

Planet executed 8
SkySat observations
over the next week and a
half before meeting
quality requirements
(clouds)

# SkySat – Sabancaya – 11 June 2023



Alert created for Sabancaya on 10<sup>th</sup> August 2023 from VAAC Buenos Aires.

SkySat Tasking request to Planet on June 10.

SkySat observed on June 11

# SkySat – Sheveluch – 27 April 2023



Alert created for Sheveluch on April 20, 2023.

SkySat Tasking request to Planet on April 20.

SkySat made 8 observations until meeting their quality standards on April 29<sup>th</sup>.

This was one of the invalid observations.

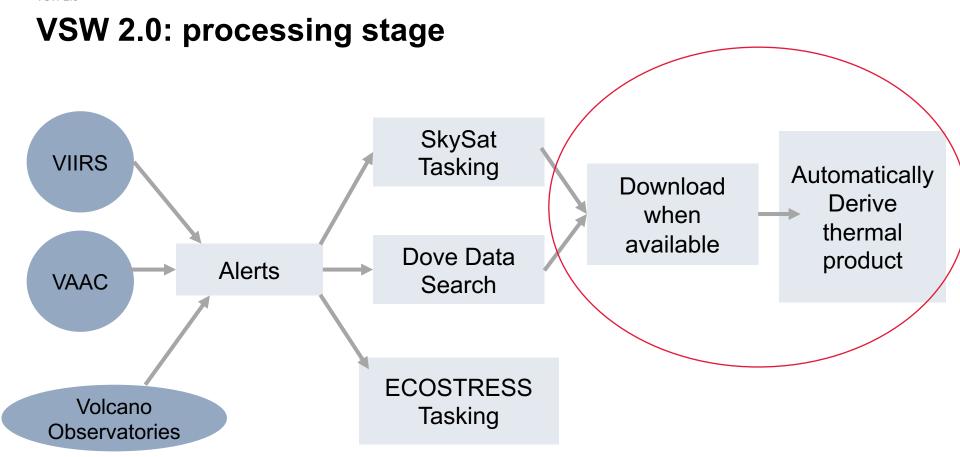
## SkySat – Yasur – 20 June 2023



Alert created for Yasur on 17<sup>th</sup> June 2023 from VIIRS.

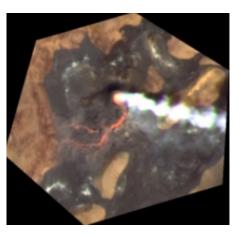
SkySat Tasking request to Planet on June 17.

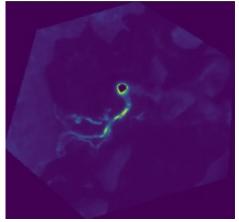
There have been 3 captures, none meeting quality standards

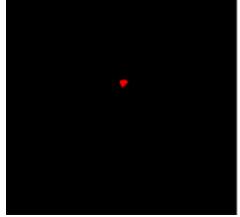


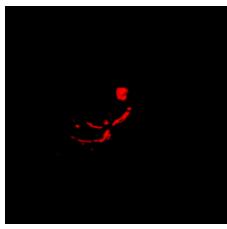
## Thermal Classifiers for SkySat, SuperDove

Example product from expert derived classifier for Superdove









RGB Composite

Band 8 (865nm) with cloud mask applied

Saturated values

Hot and Extreme Pixels

Fagradsalsfjall, June 26, 2021. Data Courtesy Planet Labs

# **Takeaway**

- VSW 2.0 has generated >250,000 alerts from Jan 2022 to June 2023
- VSW 2.0 has acquired:
  - >82 SkySat scenes
  - >600,000 coincidental Dove scenes
  - Scheduled >6,665 ECOSTRESS Scenes
- VSW 2.0 has no operations staff.
- Once configured by the science team, VSW 2.0 operates with no human input and minimal oversight
- We can autonomously monitor volcanoes at low cost

## References

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